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YBC955Mi01 100μg

Recombinant Synaptosomal Associated Protein 25kDa (SNAP25)

Organism Species: Multi-species

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY

NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Met1~Gly206

Tags: Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag

Accession: P60880

Host: *E. coli*

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1μg (determined by the LAL method).

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 4.7

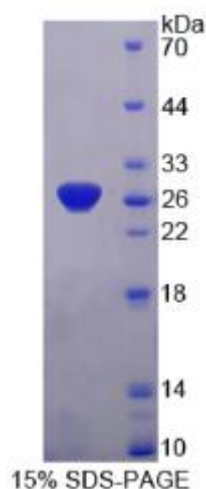
Predicted Molecular Mass: 27.0kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Note: Full length human SNAP25 is identical in sequence to mouse and rat.

100% cross-reactivity of SNAP25 was observed among human, mouse and rat.



[USAGE]



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Reconstitute in sterile ddH₂O.



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[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

MAEDADMRNE LEEMQRRADQ LADESLESTR RMLQLVEESK DAGIRTLVML DEQGEQLERI
EEGMDQINKDMKEAEKNLTDLGKFCGLCVCPCKNLKSSDAYKKAWGNNQD
GVVASQPARV VDREQMAIS GGFIRRV TND ARENEMDENL EQVSGIIGNL RHMALDMGNE
IDTQNRQIDR IMEKADSNKT RIDEANQRAT KMLGSG

[REFERENCES]

1. Bark I.C., Wilson M.C. (1994) Gene 139:291-292.
2. Zhao N., *et al.* (1994) Gene 145:313-314.
3. Jagadish M.N., *et al.* (1996) Biochem. J. 317:945-954.
4. Huang Q., *et al.* (2008) FEBS Lett. 582:1431-1436.