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YB80838Hu01

Otubain 1 (OTUB1)

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

Human OTUB1 <u>kDa</u>

50

25

20

15

15% Tris-glycine SDS-PAGE

# FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES

1th Edition (Revised in February, 2012)

### [ DESCRIPTION ]

Protein Names: Otubain 1

Gene Names: OTUB1

Size: 100µg

Source: Recombinant

Expression Host: E.coli

**Function:** Hydrolase that can remove conjugated ubiquitin from proteins and plays an important regulatory role at the level of protein turnover by preventing degradation. Regulator of T-cell anergy, a phenomenon that occurs when T-cells are rendered unresponsive to antigen rechallenge and no longer respond to their cognate antigen. Acts

via its interaction with RNF128/GRAIL, a crucial inductor of CD4 T-cell anergy.

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm

**Tissue Specificity:** Isoform 1 is ubiquitous. Isoform 2 is expressed only in lymphoid tissues such as tonsils, lymph nodes, spleen and peripheral blood mononuclear cells.

### [ PROPERTIES ]

Residues: Met1~Lys271 (Accession # Q96FW1), with a N-terminal His-tag.

Grade & Purity: >97%, 32.53 kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

Form & Buffer: Supplied as lyophilized form in PBS, pH 7.4.

**Endotoxin Level:** <1.0 EU per 1µg(determined by the LAL method).

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)



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Predicted Molecular Mass: 32.53 kDa

## [PREPARATION]

Reconstitute in PBS.



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### [STORAGE AND STABILITY]

**Storage:** Store at 4°C for short term storage (1-2 weeks). Aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C for long term storage. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Valid period: 12 months stored at -80°C.

#### [BACKGROUND]

The target protein is fused with a His-tag and its sequence is listed below. The first Met is an initiator amino acid. Moreover, Gly and Ser are added to improve the flexibility of N-terminus at both ends of the His-tag, which will increase the chelating ability of the tag to Ni-Sepharose during purification.

MGHHHHHHSGS-MAAEEPQQQK QEPLGSDSEG VNCLAYDEAI MAQQDRIQQE IAVQNPLVSE RLELSVLYKE YAEDDNIYQQ KIKDLHKKYS YIRKTRPDGN CFYRAFGFSH LEALLDDSKE LQRFKAVSAK SKEDLVSQGF TEFTIEDFHN TFMDLIEQVE KQTSVADLLA SFNDQSTSDY LVVYLRLLTS GYLQRESKFF EHFIEGGRTV KEFCQQEVEP MCKESDHIHI IALAQALSVS IQVEYMDRGE GGTTNPHIFP EGSEPKVYLL YRPGHYDILY K

### [REFERENCES]

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