

YBA884Hu01 50µg

Recombinant Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV (DPP4)

**Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)** 

Instruction manual

#### FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

### [PROPERTIES]



Residues: Ser484~Val728 Tags: N-terminal His-Tag

Accession: P27487

Host: E. coli

Subcellular Location: Secreted, Cell membrane;

Single-pass type II membrane protein. Apical cell

membrane; Cell projection, invadopodium

membrane; lamellipodium membrane.

Purity: >95%



Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg

(determined by the LAL method).

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris,

500mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 15% SDS-PAGE 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.4

Predicted Molecular Mass: 29.2kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

## [ <u>USAGE</u> ]

Reconstitute in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.

## [ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

# [<u>SEQUENCES</u>]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

SSVNDKG LRVLEDNSAL DKMLQNVQMP SKKLDFIILN ETKFWYQMIL PPHFDKSKKY PLLLDVYAGP CSQKADTVFR LNWATYLAST ENIIVASFDG RGSGYQGDKI MHAINRRLGT FEVEDQIEAA RQFSKMGFVD NKRIAIWGWS YGGYVTSMVL GSGSGVFKCG IAVAPVSRWE YYDSVYTERY MGLPTPEDNL DHYRNSTVMS RAENFKQVEY LLIHGTADDN VHFQQSAQIS



TEL:4006-871-227 Web:www.ybio.net Email:shybio@126.com

### [<u>REFERENCES</u>]

- 1. Misumi Y., et al. (1992) Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1131:333-336.
- 2. Darmoul D., et al. (1992) J. Biol. Chem. 267:4824-4833.
- 3. Tanaka T., et al. (1992) J. Immunol. 149:481-486.
- 4. Tanaka T. (1993) J. Immunol. 150:2090-2090.